Maintaining a Linux Distribution

Leah Neukirchen < leah @ vuxu.org >

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Why are Linux distributions?

- Unlike most other operating systems, a usable Linux system needs to be assembled from multiple projects:
 - The Linux kernel
 - GNU userland
 - · X.org or Wayland
 - Desktops such as KDE/Gnome/XFCE...
 - · ...many many other tools and packages
- with many possible variations and decisions in details
 → many possible distributions!

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Differences between Linux distributions

- target audience: newbies, advanced users, artists, security researchers, ham radio operators...
- · source vs. binary packages
- release model: periodic, sporadic, rolling release
- · platform support

package manager

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Differences between Linux distributions

- target audience: newbies, advanced users, artists, security researchers, ham radio operators...
- source vs. binary packages
- release model: periodic, sporadic, rolling release
- platform support: i686, x86_64, armv6, armv7, aarch64,
 powerpc...
- · package manager: XBPS
- Example: Void Linux

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A too short history of Void Linux

- 2008 created from scratch by Juan Romero Pardines as a testbed for XBPS
 - 2014 move to runit, adapting my init system ignite (built for Arch Linux)
- 2014-07-02 my first commit
 - 2015 I actually switch to Void on my main machine
 - 2020 21 team members, 148 people had 5 or more commits in 2020

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What does a maintainer do?

- · Keeping packages up to date:
 - Void's target is providing the latest stable release of software
 - I maintain over 580 packages and whatever else comes up
 - Daily effort: usually less than 30 minutes (0-5 packages)
 - (but then occasionally you spend three nights updating Perl)

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What does a maintainer do?

- Internal communication:
 - · design decisions
 - · work delegation
 - · investigating bug reports
 - · writing announcements and documentation
- · Communication with other projects:
 - · forwarding bug reports and patches to upstream
 - · importing patches from other distributions
 - · monitoring security announces

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What does a maintainer do?

- · Packaging new software:
 - figuring out build systems and dependencies
 - integrating the package into the system (e.g. into the init system)
 - enforcing policies (paths, usernames, optional features, ...)

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Politics

- Void is a rather small project and many things are decided ad-hoc. (Counterexample: Debian.)
- Flat management hierarchy that decides on new members.
- Do-ocracy? You can commit anything, but don't break what you can't fix.
- Openness: You can contribute easily without being a member.

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Lessons learned: automation

- How can a small group of people keep up with such an effort? → Use tools to automate tedious tasks!
- We wrote tools to:
 - check for new package releases
 - · find and report common mistakes in contributions
 - automatically update packages that need to be rebuilt
 - work fully CI/CD driven: updating a package and releasing it just takes a Git commit
- Contributions are tested on third-party CI systems (formerly Travis, now GitHub Actions)
- Packages can be contributed via Pull Requests, and merged with one click → enabling drive-by contributions, a good way to find new maintainers

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Lessons learned: distributing power

- the initial founder of the distribution was missing from 2018–2020
 - we could keep working pretty well, but there were single points of control:
 - · domain names
 - · control over the GitHub project
 - we "forked" the project before Juan came back in 2020
 - new domains
 - move to a new GitHub organization
 - · unavoidable breakage of some things
- · all access is shared now to at least two persons
- · we do not have own funds, eschewed that problem

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Lessons learned? Maintainers are humans

- · over time, new people join the project!
- · but also, people leave
 - burnout
 - · personal problems
 - conflicts inside the project?
 - · other things become more interesting
- compared to other projects, distro work never stops
- finding a balance can be hard
- take care of yourself and others

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Questions?

Thank you.

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